EVERYBODY LOVES MUNG BEANS Do bean beetles prefer to breed on their natal-bean?

Background Information • Bean beetles (*Callosobruchus* 150 maculatus) are found in subtropical and tropical regions. • Life cycle consists of egg, larvae, pupa, and adult beetle. s66 100 -• Bean beetles lay eggs on beans and Number of the egg turns into a larvae that burrows and feeds off the bean. • After pupation, the adult eats its way out of the egg and continues to mate. 50 Set up of experiment • In this experiment we investigated if female bean choice for laying eggs depends on natality. • 10 dishes containing the same amount of mung beans and black eyed peas, and 5 female and 2 male bean beetles each. • 5 of the dishes contained beetles bred

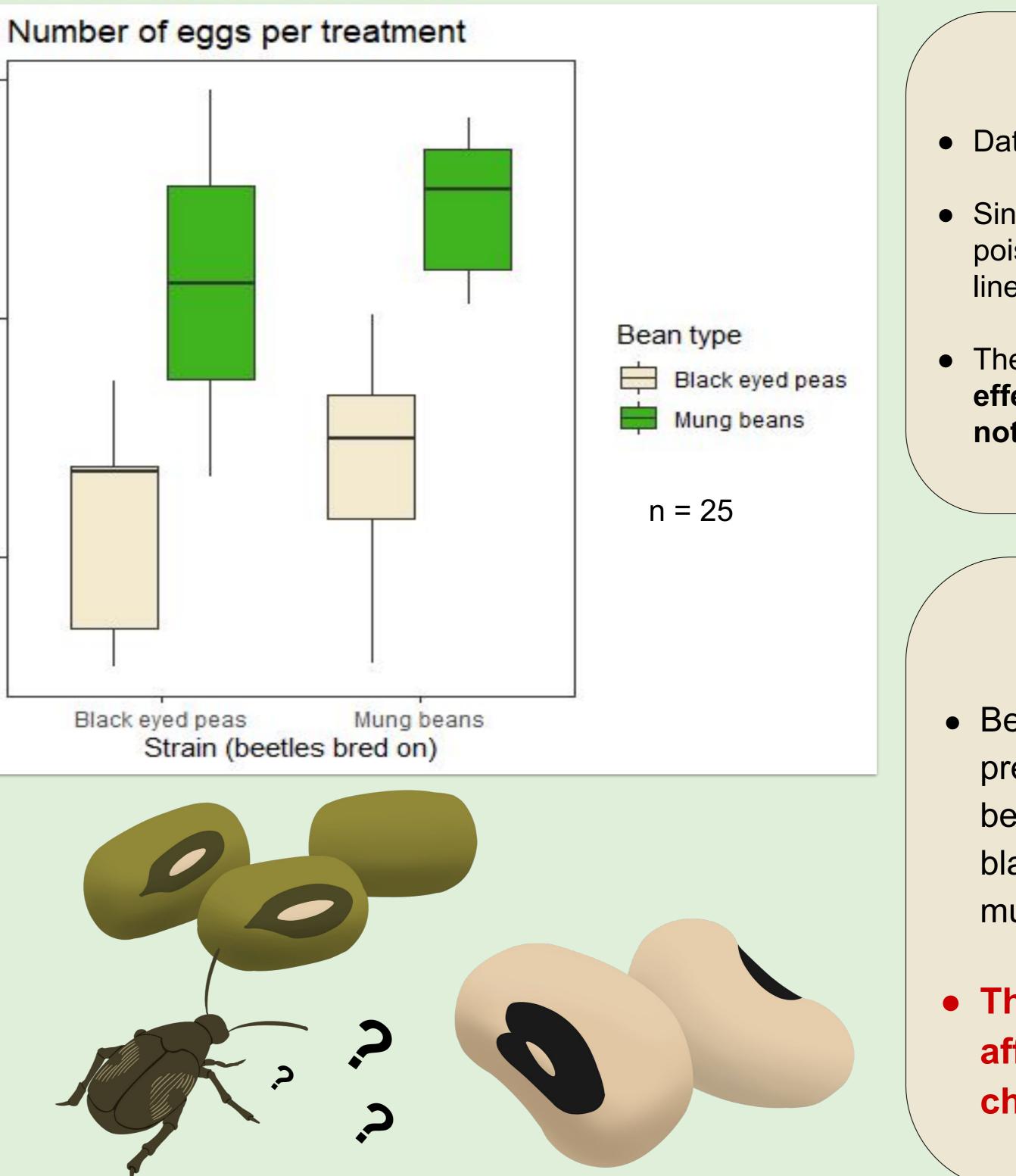
References

Beck, C. W. and Blumer, L. S. (2014) A Handbook on Bean Beetles, Callosobruchus maculatus. [PDF] Available at http://beanbeetles.org/new_website/wp-content/images/handbook.pdf [Accessed 14 April 2020]

on black eyed peas, and 5 dishes

contained beetles bred on mung beans,

R Core Team (2019) R: A language and environment for statistical computing, version 3.6.1. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria.



Data analysis

• Data was analysed using R.

• Since the response variable is counts, a poisson distribution is assumed and a log linear model is used.

• The anova test shows that there is an effect of the type of bean (p<0.05), but not an effect of natality.

Results and conclusion

• Beetles bred on mung beans preferred laying their eggs on mung beans. However, beetles bred on black eyed peas laid their eggs on mung beans as well.

• The natality of beetles does not affect what bean type they choose to breed on!

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