

# **Unmasking the Environmental Impacts of Artificial Turf with Rubber Infill**

Department of Biological Sciences, University of Bergen This poster is a student project within the "Selected Topics in Environmental Toxicology" course (BIO 316).

## **Rubber Infill and Its Advantages**

Plastic is a utility material that can become a source of contamination in the environment, disrupting endocrine and metabolic functions in humans and animals<sup>1</sup>.

### Rubber infill, and its composition<sup>2</sup>

Microplastic with a size of about 2 mm

- Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons
- Heavy metals
- Phthalates
- Phenols
- Volatile organic hydrocarbon

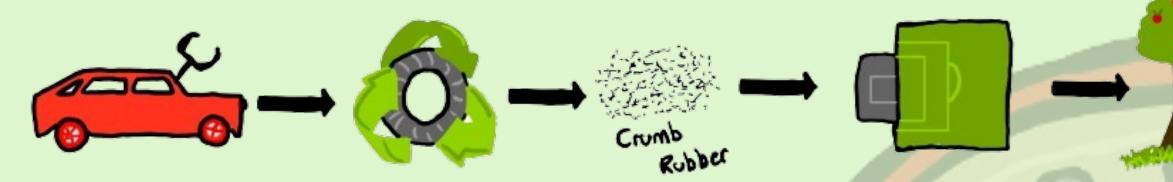


Fig 1. Pathway of tire particles and leachates desperation to the environment.

## **Benefits of Using Rubber Infill<sup>3</sup>**

- Cheaper
- Reduces water content
- Easy access
- High lifespan
- Mimics soil substrate
- Good for damping -

#### References

<sup>1</sup>Stevens et al., 2024. Environmental Science & Technology . 58(11), 4859–4871. <sup>2</sup>Massey et al., 2020. A Journal of Environmental and Occupational Health Policy, 30(1), 10–26. <sup>3</sup>Evans, 2021. *Tire Waste and Recycling*. 483–497. <sup>4</sup>Murphy, M., & Warner, G. R, 2022. *Environmental Pollution* (Barking, Essex : 1987), 310, 119841. <sup>5</sup>Chibwe et al., 2022. Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry, 41(5), 1144--1153.

<sup>6</sup>Tian et a'.,2021. *Science* 371(6525), 185–189.

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## **Toxicological Effects of Rubber Infill**

#### In humans<sup>1</sup>

- Carcinogen
- Neurotoxic

rnatives

Endocrine disruptor

#### In rodents<sup>4</sup>

- Decreased thyn and ovary weight
- Increased liver weight

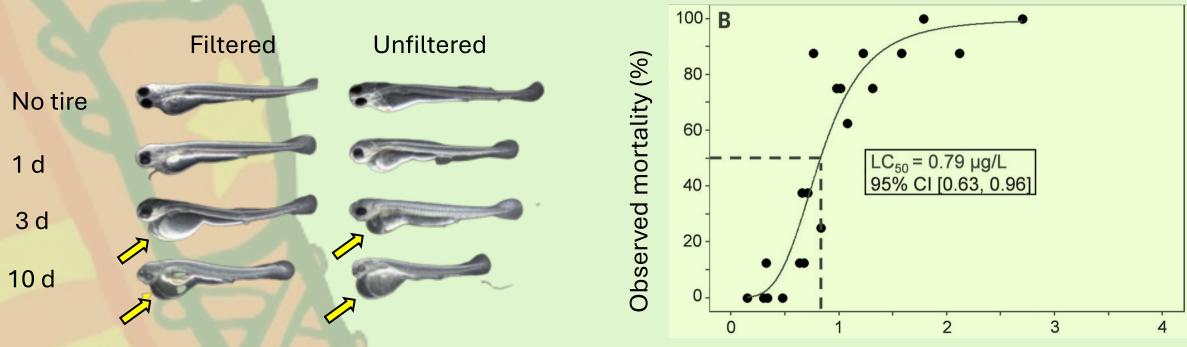


Fig 2. Effects on fathead minnow fry after exposure to filtered and unfiltered tire particle leaches<sup>5</sup>. Decreased eye and body pigmentations, reduced lengths and cardiac edemas (yellow arrows) are observed by increasing leaching day (d).

Fig 3. Juvenile coho were exposed to ozonesynthesized 6PPD-quinone<sup>6</sup>. Time of exposure was 24 h across ten concentrations with two replicates, in total 160 fish.

## 6Phenylphenylenediamine (6-PPD)-quinone<sup>6</sup>

- An oxidized form of an additive designed to safeguard tire rubber against ozone-induced damage.

- Concentration in tire particles is sufficient to cause acute toxicity incidents in coho salmon (Fig 3).

Due to the environmental concerns regarding Rubber infill, some alternatives with non-toxic effects are suggested: -Acrylic polymer-coated sand: A durable infill with anti-microbial properties

-Organic infill: Made of from cork, processed nutshells, or coconut fibers





	In fish <sup>5</sup>	
nus	- Enhanced liver	
nts	enzyme activity	
	- Malformations	
	<ul> <li>Hatching delay</li> </ul>	
	- Mortality	
D		

<sup>6</sup>PPD-quinone concentration (µg/L)